

innovators in agriculture

This product is supplied by:

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Material Safety Data Sheet of:

Astri LC

Date:

17 May 2017

Version:

1.2

Warning:

The content of this MSDS is composed with the utmost care from existing data and information from suppliers. Lely Consumables B.V. will not accept any liability for damage, whatever its nature of volume, resulting from the use of this data.

Section: 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

ECSLAB

Product name	:	ASTRI-LC
Product code	:	116594E
Use of the Substance/Mixture	:	Biocide
Substance type:	:	Mixture
		For professional users only.
Product dilution informatio	n :	No dilution information provided.
1.2 Relevant identified uses	of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	:	Biocide. Spray and rinse manual process
Recommended restrictions on use	s :	Reserved for industrial and professional use.
1.3 Details of the supplier of	the sa	fety data sheet
Company	:	Ecolab Ltd. PO Box 11; Winnington Avenue Northwich, Cheshire, United Kingdom CW8 4DX + 44 (0)1606 74488 ccs@ecolab.com
1.4 Emergency telephone nu	ımber	
Emergency telephone number	:	Food & Beverage, Institutional, Agriculture, Textile Hygiene: Northwich: +44 (0)1606 74488 Healthcare Leeds: +44 (0)113 232 2480 Healthcare Swansea: +44 (0)1235 239670
Poison Information Centre telephone number	:	Not Available

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Section: 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Oxidizing liquids, Category 2	H272
Corrosive to metals, Category 1	H290
Acute toxicity, Category 4	H302
Skin corrosion, Category 1A	H314

Serious eye damage, Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3,	
Respiratory system Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 1	H410

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms		
Signal Word :	Danger	
Hazard Statements :	H272 H290 H302 H314 H410	May intensify fire; oxidiser. May be corrosive to metals. Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Supplemental Hazard : Statements	EUH071 Prevention:	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
Precautionary Statements :	P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
	P221	Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
	P280	Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.
	Response:	
	P303 + P361 + P3	353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
	P305 + P351 + P3	338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label: Hydrogen peroxide Acetic acid Peroxyacetic acid

2.3 Other hazards

Do not mix with bleach or other chlorinated products - will cause chlorine gas.

Section: 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	CAS-No. EC-No. REACH No.	ClassificationREGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	Concentration: [%]
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1 231-765-0 01-2119485845-22	Nota B Oxidizing liquids Category 1; H271 Acute toxicity Category 4; H302 Acute toxicity Category 4; H332 Skin corrosion Category 1A; H314	>= 25 - < 30
Acetic acid	64-19-7 200-580-7 01-2119475328-30	Nota B Flammable liquids Category 3; H226 Skin corrosion Category 1A; H314	>= 5 - < 10
Peroxyacetic acid	79-21-0 201-186-8	Flammable liquids Category 3; H226 Organic peroxides Type D; H242 Acute toxicity Category 4; H302 Acute toxicity Category 4; H332 Acute toxicity Category 4; H312 Skin corrosion Category 1A; H314 Acute aquatic toxicity Category 1; H400 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3; H335 Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 1; H410	>= 2.5 - < 5
For the full text of the H-	Statements mentioned	in this Section, see Section 16.	

4.1 Description of first aid measures

In case of eye contact	:	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.
In case of skin contact :	:	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Use a mild soap if available. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
If swallowed :	:	Rinse mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
If inhaled :	:	Remove to fresh air. Treat symptomatically. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

Section: 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting	•	Special protective equipment for firefighters Oxidizer. Contact with other material may cause fire. Oxidizer; material is an oxidizer which may readily react with other materials, especially upon heating.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: Carbon oxides nitrogen oxides (NOx) Sulphur oxides Oxides of phosphorus
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	In case of fire, wear a full face positive-pressure self contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.
Further information	:	Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Section: 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel	Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes. When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Advice for emergency : responders	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials.
2 Environmental precautions	

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	: Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water	
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6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	: Stop leak if safe to do so. Never soak up spilled or leaked acids and bases with sawdust, wood chips or similar materials. Isolate the waste do not allow it to come into contact with incompatible materials. For small spills contain with sand or vermiculite and dilute the contained product at least 10 times with water. Transfer to an open topped container and remove to a safe place for neutralization* / disposal. For large spills contain spill and
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evacuate the area, leave until the reaction subsides, then collect up for disposal. Obtain consent from the local water company / authority if considering discharge to sewer. *NEUTRALIZATION : once diluted, neutralize with a suitable alkali such as sodium bicarbonate.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information. For personal protection see section 8. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

Section: 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	:	Do not ingest. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not mix with bleach or other chlorinated products – will cause chlorine gas.
Hygiene measures	:	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Provide suitable facilities for quick drenching or flushing of the eyes and body in case of contact or splash hazard.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers	: Keep only in original container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
	Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from reducing agents. Keep away from strong bases. Keep away from combustible material. Keep out of reach of children. Keep container tightly closed. Store in suitable labeled containers. Pressure bursts may occur due to gas evolution if the container is not adequately vented.
Storage temperature	: -20 °C to 35 °C
Packaging material	: Suitable material: Plastic material Unsuitable material: Mild steel, Aluminium
3 Specific end uses	

7.3 Sp

: Biocide. Spray and rinse manual process Specific use(s)

Section: 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	TWA	1 ppm 1.4 mg/m3	UKCOSSTD

SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

ASTRI-LC

		STEL		2 ppm 2.8 mg/m3		UKCOSSTD
DNEL						
Hydrogen peroxide		Value: 3 mg End Use: Wo Exposure rou	utes: Inhala alth effects /m3 orkers utes: Inhala	: Short-term - loca		
		Value: 1.4 m		og .oo.a.		
peracetic acid		End Use: Wo Exposure rou Potential hea Value: 0.6 m	utes: Inhala alth effects	ation : Long-term syste	mic effect	S
		End Use: Wo Exposure rou Potential hea Value: 0.6 m	utes: Inhala alth effects	ation : Acute systemic o	effects	
		End Use: Wo Exposure rou Potential hea Value: 0.6 m	utes: Inhala alth effects	ation : Long-term local	effects	
		End Use: Wo Exposure rou Potential hea Value: 0.6 m	utes: Inhala alth effects	ation : Acute local effec	cts	
		End Use: Wo Exposure rou Potential hea Value: 0.12	utes: Skin	contact : Acute local effec	cts	
		End Use: Co Exposure rou Potential hea Value: 0.6 m	utes: Inhala alth effects	ation : Long-term syste	mic effect	S
		End Use: Co Exposure rou Potential hea Value: 0.6 m	utes: Inhala alth effects	ation : Acute systemic o	effects	
		End Use: Co Exposure rou Potential hea Value: 0.6 m	utes: Inhala alth effects	ation : Long-term local	effects	
		End Use: Co Exposure rou	utes: Inhala	ation	te	

Value: 0.3 mg/m3

Potential health effects: Acute local effects

PNEC

peracetic acid	: Fresh water Value: 0.000224 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment Value: 0.00018 mg/kg
	Water Value: 0.051 mg/l
	Soil Value: 0.32 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls				
Engineering measures	Effective exhaust ventilation system. Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards.			
Individual protection measu	S			
Hygiene measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Provide suitable facilities for quick drenching or flushing of the eyes and body in case of contact or splash hazard.			
Eye/face protection (EN 166)	: Safety goggles Face-shield			
Hand protection (EN 374)	 Recommended preventive skin protection Gloves Nitrile rubber butyl-rubber Breakthrough time: 1 – 4 hours Minimum thickness for butyl-rubber 0.7 mm for nitrile rubber 0.4 mm or equivalent (please refer to the gloves manufacturer/distributor for advise). Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough. 			
Skin and body protection (EN 14605)	 Personal protective equipment comprising: suitable protective gloves, safety goggles and protective clothing 			
Respiratory protection (EN 143, 14387)	None required if airborne concentrations are maintained below the exposure limit listed in Exposure Limit Information. Use certified respiratory protection equipment meeting EU requirements(89/656/EEC, 89/686/EEC), or equivalent, when respiratory risks cannot be avoided or sufficiently limited by technical means of collective protection or by measures, methods or procedures of work organization.			
Environmental exposure controls				

General advice	: Consider the provision of containment	around storage vessels.
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Section: 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	liquid
Colour	:	colourless
Odour	:	vinegar-like
рН	:	0.8 - 1.2, 100 %
Flash point	:	Not applicable., Does not sustain combustion.
Odour Threshold	:	Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	100 °C
Evaporation rate	:	Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Upper explosion limit	:	Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Lower explosion limit	:	Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Vapour pressure	:	Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Relative vapour density	:	Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Relative density	:	1.1 - 1.14
Water solubility	:	soluble
Solubility in other solvents	:	Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Thermal decomposition	:	Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Viscosity, kinematic	:	Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Explosive properties	:	Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Oxidizing properties	:	YesThe substance or mixture is classified as oxidizing with the category 2.

9.2 Other information

Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture

Section: 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

pressure build-up

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Do not mix with bleach or other chlorinated products - will cause chlorine gas.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Direct sources of heat. Exposure to sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Bases Organic materials

Aluminium Mild steel

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: Carbon oxides nitrogen oxides (NOx) Sulphur oxides Oxides of phosphorus

Section: 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of	:	Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact
exposure		

Product

Acute oral toxicity	: Acute toxicity estimate : 1,660 mg/kg	
Acute inhalation toxicity	: 4 h Acute toxicity estimate : > 5 mg/l	
Acute dermal toxicity	: Acute toxicity estimate : > 2,000 mg/kg	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: There is no data available for this produc	:t.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	: There is no data available for this produc	:t.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: There is no data available for this produc	:t.
Carcinogenicity	: There is no data available for this produc	:t.
Reproductive effects	: There is no data available for this produc	:t.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: There is no data available for this produc	:t.
Teratogenicity	: There is no data available for this produc	:t.
STOT - single exposure	: There is no data available for this produc	t.

SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

: There is no data available for this product.
: There is no data available for this product.
: Hydrogen peroxide LD50 rat: 486 mg/kg
Acetic acid LD50 rat: 3,310 mg/kg
: Peroxyacetic acid 4 h LC50 rat: 1.5 mg/l
: Acetic acid LD50 rabbit: 1,060 mg/kg
: Causes serious eye damage.
: Causes severe skin burns.
: Harmful if swallowed. Causes digestive tract burns.
: May cause nose, throat, and lung irritation.
: Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.
osure
: Redness, Pain, Corrosion
: Redness, Pain, Corrosion
: Corrosion, Abdominal pain
: Respiratory irritation, Cough

Section: 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Ecotoxicity

Environmental Effects	: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Product	
Toxicity to fish	: no data available
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: no data available
Toxicity to algae	: no data available
Components	

ASTRI-LC	
Toxicity to fish :	Acetic acid 96 h LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout): 1,000 mg/l
	Peroxyacetic acid 96 h LC50: 0.8 mg/l
Components	
Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates	Acetic acid 48 h EC50 Daphnia magna (Water flea): 39.6 mg/l
	Peroxyacetic acid 48 h EC50: 0.73 mg/l
Components	
Toxicity to algae :	Hydrogen peroxide 72 h EC50: 1.38 mg/l
	Acetic acid 72 h EC50 Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom): 1,000 mg/l
	Peroxyacetic acid 72 h EC50: 0.7 mg/l
12.2 Persistence and degradability	
Product	
Biodegradability :	The surfactants contained in the product are biodegradable according to the requirements of the detergent regulation 648/2004/EC
Components	
Biodegradability :	Hydrogen peroxide Result: Not applicable - inorganic
	Acetic acid Result: Readily biodegradable.
	Peroxyacetic acid Result: Readily biodegradable.
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	
no data available	

12.4 Mobility in soil

no data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Other adverse effects

no data available

Section: 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste.Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Dispose of wastes in an approved waste disposal facility.
Contaminated packaging	Dispose of as unused product. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers. Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.
Guidance for Waste Code selection	Inorganic wastes containing dangerous substances. If this product is used in any further processes, the final user must redefine and assign the most appropriate European Waste Catalogue Code. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable European (EU Directive 2008/98/EC) and local regulations.

Section: 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipper/consignor/sender is responsible to ensure that the packaging, labeling, and markings are in compliance with the selected mode of transport.

Land transport (ADR/ADN/RID)

14.1 UN number 14.2 UN proper shipping name 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 14.4 Packing group	 : 3149 : HYDROGEN PEROXIDE AND PEROXYACETIC ACID MIXTURE, STABILIZED : 5.1 (8) : II
14.5 Environmental hazards	: Yes
14.6 Special precautions for user	: None
Air transport (IATA) 14.1 UN number 14.2 UN proper shipping name 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 14.4 Packing group 14.5 Environmental hazards	 3149 Hydrogen peroxide and peroxyacetic acid mixture stabilized 5.1 (8) II Yes

14.6 Special precautions for : None user

Sea transport (IMDG/IMO) 14.1 UN number 14.2 UN proper shipping name 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 14.4 Packing group 14.5 Environmental hazards	 3149 HYDROGEN PEROXIDE AND PEROXYACETIC ACID MIXTURE, STABILIZED 5.1 (8) II Yes
14.6 Special precautions for user	: None
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	: Not applicable.

Section: 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National Regulations

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

Other regulations	 The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations. The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations. Health and Safety at Work Act.
	Health and Salety at work Act.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

Section: 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Procedure used to derive the classification according to REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

Classification	Justification
Oxidizing liquids 2, H272	Based on product data or assessment
Corrosive to metals 1, H290	Based on product data or assessment
Acute toxicity 4, H302	Calculation method
Skin corrosion 1A, H314	Based on product data or assessment
Serious eye damage 1, H318	Based on product data or assessment
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Calculation method
3, H335	
Chronic aquatic toxicity 1, H410	Calculation method

Full text of H-Statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H242	Heating may cause a fire.
H271	May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

ADN – European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR – European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM -American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL -Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA – European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number – European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan): ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response: GHS – Globally Harmonized System; GLP – Good Laboratory Practice; IARC – International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC -International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 – Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO – International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 – Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 – Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD – Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS – Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT – Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS – Safety Data Sheet; TCSI – Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS – Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA – Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN – United Nations; vPvB – Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Prepared by

: Regulatory Affairs

Numbers quoted in the MSDS are given in the format: 1,000,000 = 1 million and 1,000 = 1 thousand. 0.1 = 1 tenth and 0.001 = 1 thousandth

REVISED INFORMATION: Significant changes to regulatory or health information for this revision is indicated by a bar in the left-hand margin of the SDS.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is

not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

ANNEX: EXPOSURE SCENARIOS

DPD+ Substances:

The following substances are the lead substances that contribute to the mixture Exposure Scenario according to the DPD+ Rule:

Route	Substance	CAS-No.	EINECS-No.
Ingestion	Acetic acid	64-19-7	200-580-7
Inhalation	Acetic acid	64-19-7	200-580-7
Dermal	Acetic acid	64-19-7	200-580-7
Eyes	Acetic acid	64-19-7	200-580-7
aquatic environment	Peroxyacetic acid	79-21-0	201-186-8

Physical properties DPD+ Substances:

Substance	Vapour pressure	Water solubility	Pow	Molar Mass
Acetic acid	2.079 kPa			60.06 g/mol
Peroxyacetic acid	0.217 Pa			76.0 g/mol

To calculate if your downstream Operating Conditions and Risk management Measures are safe, please calculate your risk factor at the website below:

www.ecetoc.org/tra

Short title of Exposure Scenario	:	Biocide. Spray and rinse manual process
Use descriptors		
Main User Groups	:	Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
Sectors of end-use	:	SU22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
Process categories	:	PROC11: Non industrial spraying PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities
Product categories	:	PC35: Washing and cleaning products (including solvent based products)
Environmental Release	:	ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open

Categories

systems